

Legal Printing.—Persons having legal advertising to do, should remember that it is not necessary that it should be published in the county seat—any paper published in the county will answer. In all matters transpiring in this vicinity, the interest of the advertisers will be better served, by having the notices published in their home paper, than to take them to a paper that is not as generally read in their vicinity, besides it is the duty of every one to support home institutions as much as possible.

To Correspondents.
Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper only. No communication will be published unless accompanied with the real name and address of the author, which we require, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.
All communications should be addressed to
"THE HERALD,"
Chelsea, Washington Co., Mich.

The Chelsea Herald.

CHELSEA, JULY 8, 1880.

Town Board.

CHELSEA VILLAGE,
Monday eve, July 2, 1880.

The Board met pursuant to the call of the President.

Roll called. Present—James P. Wood, President.

Trustees present—Messrs. Thatcher, Woods, Hudler and Crowell.

Trustees absent Kempf and Armstrong.

Moved and supported that the petition of Thomas McNamara and others be received and referred to the Street Commissioner, and that they report at the next meeting of the Board.

Moved and supported that the bill of W. F. Hatch for \$33.00, be allowed and an order drawn for the same.

Moved and supported that the Board adjourn subject to the call of the President.

C. H. ROBBINS, Clerk.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

The New York Bulletin recently wisely says: It is conceded that there is a halt in many branches of trade, and that, in a word, the supply of domestic and foreign goods in the various markets is at present in excess of current demands for consumption. This condition of affairs casts shadows drooping prices in some of the merchandise markets; but this, at the worst, is only a temporary matter, and is in the nature of a restoration of an equilibrium which had been disturbed by the rush and speculative boom of last year. It is considered, too, that the outlook for the crops throughout Europe is that instead of the short production of last year, there will be fully average harvests, and that our surplus production will not yield the same money results as last year. This may and probably will cause lower freight rates for our railroads. But cheap food means general prosperity and increased industrial activity, and a volume of business which should, in the whole, be as profitable to the railroads as the business of last year. The vast immigration of the last six months is settling up sections of the country—the Northwest and the Southwest—with a rapidity that will greatly benefit the railroads in those sections. And the main fact remains, so far as telegraph and railroad companies are concerned, that whatever branches of business are drooping now, those companies are doing the best business ever known to them.

How to Show Love for a Wife.

Show love for your wife and your admiration of her not in nonsensical compliment, not in picking up her hankerchief or glove, or in carrying her fan; not, though you have the means, in hanging trinkets or baubles upon her; not in making yourself a fool by winking at and seeming pleased with her foibles, follies or faults; but show them by acts of real goodness towards her; prove, by unequivocal deeds, the high value you set on her life and health and peace of mind; let your praise of her go to the full extent of her deserts, but let it be consistent with truth and with sense, and such as to convince her of your sincerity. If you are the father of his wife only prepare her ears for the hyperbolic staff of others. The kindest appeal is that the Christian name of a wife is the best that you can use, especially before faces. An everlastingly "my dear" is but a sorry compensation for the want of that sort of love that makes the husband cheerfully toil by day, breaking his rest by night, endure all sorts of hardships, if the life or health of his wife demands it. Let your deeds and not your words carry to her heart a daily and hourly demonstration of the fact that you value her health and life more than any other thing in this world, and let this be manifested, particularly at those times when she is more or less in danger.

Origin of Brandy.

BRANDY began to be discovered in France about the year 1313, but it was prepared only as a medicine, and was considered as possessing such marvelous strengthening and salutary powers that the physicians named it "the water of life" (*eau de vie*), a name it retains, though now rendered by excessive potations, one of life's most powerful and most prevalent destroyers. The Raymond family, a descendant of Armand de Vida Nova, considered this admirable essence of wine to be an emanation from the divinity, and that it was intended to regenerate and prolong the life of man. He even thought that this discovery indicated that the time had arrived for the consummation of all things—the end of the world. Before the means of determining the quantity of alcohol in spirits were known, the dealers were in the habit of employing a very rude method of forming a notion of its strength. A given quantity of the spirits was poured upon a quantity of gunpowder in a dish and set on fire. If at the end of the combustion the gunpowder continued to burn, enough it took fire and exploded, but if it had been wet by the water in the spirits, the flames of the alcohol went out without setting the powder on fire. This was called the proof. Spirits which kindled gunpowder were said to be above proof; those that did not set fire to it were said to be below proof. From this origin of the name "proof" it is obvious that the burning must have been at first very indefinite. It could serve only to point out those spirits which were too weak to kindle gunpowder, but could not give any information respecting the relative strength of those spirits which were above proof. Even the strength of proof was not fixed, because it was influenced by the quantity of spirits employed—a small quantity of a weaker spirit might be made to kindle gunpowder, while a greater quantity of a stronger might fail. Clarke, in his hydrometer, which was invented about the year 1730, fixed the strength of proof spirits on the stem at the specific gravity of 9.920 at the temperature of 60 degs. This is the strength at which proof spirit is fixed in Great Britain by act of Parliament, and at this strength it is no more than a mixture of forty-nine pounds of pure alcohol with fifty-one pounds of water. Brandy, rum, gin, hollands, geneva and whisky contain nearly similar proportions.

LONDON LIVING.

London is one vast show town. Every thing is on exhibition at from a sixpence to a shilling. If one desires to visit the shrines, either of royalty or literature, the most weep-thrills, silver tears, in every instance. Shakespeare's grave at Stratford; Shakespeare's chair at Stratford; the old Kings and Queens, one shilling; jewels of a live one, two shillings and so on. Your correspondent has been sweating sixpence and shillings ever since landing in the city, and is likely to till he leaves it. After all, there is nothing to be seen here in all this show, and if the charges could be put into one grand total the number would think it cheap. It is the pleasure of drawing the purse at every turn, and the constant demand for a fee that, like a nail in the shoe, keeps one in irritation. For instance, at the theater, the American accustomed to pay for his seat, and have the whole paying business over, quite out of conceit before the performance begins by the little boy comes to which he is subjected. He pays 10s., (\$2.50) for his seat, in advance, say on the morning of the performance, and must pay an extra for "hooking." When he arrives at the theater he finds his ladies must remove their bonnets. These are to be stored in the cloak room, 6d. each; then a programme, 4d. each; and a fee for the commissaire who closes his cab door as he drives away. As a sixpence is twelve cents, all this amounts to a pretty sum before he gets through his amusement.

WOMAN'S AFFECTION.

Washington Irving once wrote: As the dove will flap its wings to its sides and cover and conceal the arrow that is piercing on its vitals, so it is the nature of woman to hide from the world the pangs of wounded affection. Yet her desire of the heart has found its great charm of existence in the end. She neglects all the exercises that gladden and quicken the pulse and send the tide of life in healthful currents through the veins. Her rest is sleep, the sweetest refreshment of sleep is painless, she melancholyly dreams, and her frame sinks under the external assault. Look for her after a little while and you will find her weeping over her pillow, and wondering that one who had so lately glowed with all the radiance of health and beauty should be brought down to "dayness and the worm." You will be told of some wretched child, some sickly maiden, that had her low; but you know the mental malady that has previously sapped her strength and made her a prey to the spoiler.

EXECUTED BY ELECTRICITY.

German writers have long discussed the evil influences of public executions, which possess the fascination of a sensational show to the ignorant masses, and demoralize with the brutality of the method of death. The guillotine, the guillotine and many other improvements have received due consideration, but the sentimentalists have at last concluded that a solemn killing by electricity is the proper thing. The present plan merely expiates one murder by making the executioner do another, but the electricity can be made to do the thing conscientiously and "officially." The walls of the room shall be draped in black, and the windows somberly curtained, in order to exclude all light. The only articles of furniture in the apartment shall be the Judge's desk and an arm chair. In the middle of the room shall be an iron figure of Justice, with her scales and sword. This effigy shall have in place of bowels, as powerful an electric battery as may be necessary. The battery shall be connected with the scales. The scene shall be lighted by a single torch burning on the Judge's desk.

The only persons admitted to the execution shall be the Judge, jury and other officials concerned in the condemnation of the victim. That person shall be brought in and seated in the chair, to which he shall be manacled fast. Then the Judge shall read the story of his crime to him and reiterate his sentence. This performed, he shall break a rod of office and toss it into Justice's balance.

We are excellent all other countries in building railroads and improving internal transportation, but what is needed to crown the whole is American vessels at American ports to carry our products abroad. The millions we pay to foreign shipowners who perform this service should be kept at home and circulated anew through our domestic exchanges. The statesman, party or Board of Trade who can originate and perfect a measure that will advance our ocean service and place it again at the front in distributing the commerce of the nations will win the gratitude and deserve the popularity of the people.

WHAT BECOMES OF ELIJAH WIDOWS.

That no description of what is done by any one tribe can be taken as applicable to all the others, the strangling of widows, however that they might be buried with their husbands seems to have been everywhere practiced. The widow's brother performs the operation, and is therefore forward treated with marked respect by his brother-in-law's kinsfolk, who present him with a piece of land, over which the strangling cord is hung up. Should he, however, fail to strangle his sister, he is despised: When a woman is made to kneel down, and the cord (a strip of native cloth) is put around her neck, she is to expel her breath as long as possible, and when she can endure no longer, to stretch out her hands as a signal, whereupon the cord is tightened, and soon all is over. It is believed that if this direction be followed, insensibility ensues immediately on the tightening of the cord, whereas if inhalation has taken place there is an interval of suffering.

Sunbeams.

A ticklish thing—A watch.
A stuck-up thing—A show bill.
High-tied—Married in high life.
A giant vegetable—A six foot bean.
The prize-fighter has an eye for color.
Greatly to one's credit—A fat bank book.
Whi ky straightens are very hard to navigate in.
One must have a tremendous voice to kill two birds with one's tone.
Blessed is the bee-holder, for it cells its own honey, and saves the commission.
If care killed a cat, care can throw a bootjack straighter than most people.
A Texas lawyer requires to be a very gentlemanly man. Witnesses don't stand any bullying out there.
The wife who would properly discharge her duties must never have a soul "above buttons."

"Are you a wallflower?" he asked. And she replied: "No; I am a wall, sir." Then they waltzed.

Wives, be lenient to the martial cigar. The smoke always hides the most disagreeable part of the battle.

The latest is: The captain sang out to the man at the wheel, "Hard lee!" The man at the wheel said, "Ever," and was thrown overboard.

The wife is the sun of the social system. Unless she attracts there is nothing to keep heavy bodies, like husbands, from flying off into space.

Married people should study each other's weak points, as skaters look out for the weak parts of the ice in order to keep off them.

Coal dealers prefer Newfoundland dogs to any other breed. They weigh more, and they sit quietly on the scales.

Although there are no more hotels in this city than there were a year ago, we read in the papers every day of "hotel arrivals."

"The last word" is the most dangerous of infernal machines. Husband and wife should no more strive to get it than they would struggle to get possession of a lighted bombshell.

Lewinbeck tells of insects seen under the microscope 27,000,000 of which only make a mite. They must be almost as small as some men's souls.

Magistrate—You are charged with having emptied a basin of water over the plaintiff. Irishwoman—Shure, yer honor, ye must forgive me. In the dark I took the gentleman for me husband.

Sheridan, on one occasion, after a poor amateur performance, was asked what acter he liked best. "The prompter," said he; "for I saw less and heard more of him than any one else."

A young man went into a restaurant, the other day, and, remarking that "Time is money," added that as he had half an hour to spare, if the proprietor was willing he would take it out in pie.

The Carrying Trade.

The United States Economist says it is a source of humiliation as well as shame that more than three-quarters of our exports are carried in foreign bottoms. At the wharves of New York are ocean steamers flying foreign colors loading valuable cargoes of grain and cotton, while from scarcely a single mast floats the American ensign on a freighting vessel. The time was when our flag was seen traversing all seas and found at all markets. It doubled Cape Horn with valuable merchandise to the Pacific shores, flew at the mast-head of swift sailing ships that traversed the Mediterranean and far off Indian seas; was found in the ports of China and Japan, and led in the paths of commerce through Northern waters. All this now, however, is changed, and our carrying trade has dwindled to smaller proportions than any third rate power in Europe. Where is the statesman that can in bold and forcible language emphasize our loss in this direction? Where the party that will inscribe on its banner the policy of enlarging our marine service? Not by subsidies guaranteeing financial aid, but a broad, liberal policy that shall quicken our ocean trade and place the United States equal in advantage to the nations that are now floating the commerce of the world.

We are excellent all other countries in building railroads and improving internal transportation, but what is needed to crown the whole is American vessels at American ports to carry our products abroad. The millions we pay to foreign shipowners who perform this service should be kept at home and circulated anew through our domestic exchanges. The statesman, party or Board of Trade who can originate and perfect a measure that will advance our ocean service and place it again at the front in distributing the commerce of the nations will win the gratitude and deserve the popularity of the people.

Potatoes for Animals.

A writer upon this subject has said that "potatoes in the raw state ought never to be given to any animal, with the exception of sheep and geese." It is said a goose will thrive better, and the flesh will be more pleasantly flavored, upon raw potatoes, sliced, than any other article; while sheep will more speedily thrive on raw potatoes than on turnips; but, and especially in the beginning, raw potatoes will scour cattle and horses, and not infrequently cause death, while there is no danger of either from boiled or steamed potatoes. It may be true that they are excellent for sheep is well known; of all animals sheep like a change from dry to green food in the shape of roots, and that they should thrive upon them better than the turnip, for the reason, simply, that according to tables, the potato contains a larger fat substance and flesh-producing element than the turnip. Thus a fair product is 200 bushels, or 12,000 pounds of material for the animal system, while the average yield of rutabagas of 20,000 pounds contains only 1,440 pounds; and a similar yield of turnips but 1,400 pounds; so that relatively to each other they stand as, potatoes, 2,640, rutabagas, 1,440 and the turnip 840, a little better than a third the relative feeding value.

TRUE GREATNESS.

The more we see of the world, the more we are satisfied that simplicity is inseparably the companion of true genius as it is of true greatness. We never yet knew a truly great man—a man who overtopped his fellow-man, who did not possess a certain playful, almost infantile simplicity. True greatness never struts on stilts, or plays the king upon the stage. Conscious of its elevation, and knowing in what that elevation consists, it is happy to act its part among men in the common amusements and business of mankind. It is not afraid of being undervalued for its humility. A man who is thus fearless of letting himself down to the level of his fellow-man, in the ordinary amusements and relaxations of life whatever elevations he may have reached, must possess that innate consciousness of genius which is in itself sufficient evidence of its own existence. Those who are afraid of being undervalued or despised for mixing with their fellow-creatures are of the ordinary, every-day race of men, whom chance has made great, and who, like the inmates of unfinished palaces, shut their windows, lest people may come nigh enough to detect the abject poverty within.

BADGERING OF WITNESSES.

The court and jury, as well as the spectators, generally enjoy the scene when a lawyer, in an attempt to confuse and badger, or browbeat a witness, comes off second best in the encounter. A correspondent recalls an amusing incident of this sort which happened a few years ago in an Albany court room. The plaintiff, who was a lady, was called to testify. She made a very favorable impression, on the jury under the guidance of her counsel, Hon. Lyman Tremain, until the opposing counsel, Hon. Henry Smith, subjected her to a sharp cross-examination.

This so confused her that she became faint and fell to the floor in a swoon.

Of course this excited general sympathy in the audience, and Mr. Smith saw that his case looked badly. An expedient suggested itself by which to make the swooning appear like a piece of stage trickery, and thus destroy sympathy for her. The lady's face in swooning had turned purple-red, and this fact suggested the new line of attack. The next witness was a middle-aged lady. The counsel asked: "Did you see the plaintiff faint a short time ago?" "Yes, sir." "People turn pale when they faint, don't they?" "A great sensation in court, and an evident confusion of witness. But in a moment she answered, "No, not always."

"Did you ever hear of a case of fainting where the party did not turn pale?" "Yes, sir." "Did you ever see such a case?" "Yes, sir." "When?" "About a year ago."

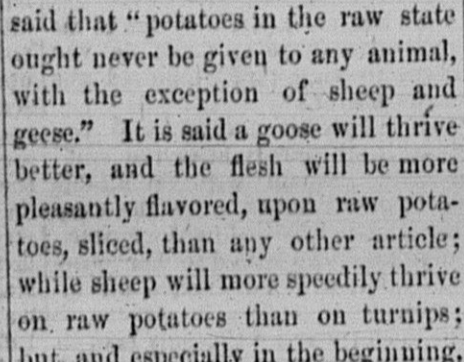
"Where was it?" "By this time the excitement was so intense that everybody listened anxiously for the reply. It came promptly, with a twinkle in the witness' eye, and a quiver on her lip, as from suppressed humor: "It was a negro, sir."

Peal after peal of laughter shook the court-room, in which the venerable judge joined. Mr. Smith lost his case, not to say his temper.

REED'S TONIC

IS A THOROUGH REMEDY
In every case of Malarial Fever or Fever and Ague, while for disorders of the Stomach, Torpidity of the Liver, Indigestion and disturbances of the animal forces, which debilitate, it has no equivalent, and can have no substitute. It should not be confounded with triturated compounds of cheap spirits and essential oils, often sold under the name of Bitters.

FOR SALE BY
Druggists, Grocers and Wine Merchants everywhere.



Sold by W. R. Reed & Co. v9-11-y

TOTHE PUBLIC AND EVERYBODY IN PARTICULAR!

Have the Best and Largest Assortment of
DURAND & HATCH
BOOTS & SHOES
In the Town, and are selling them at Less Prices than any other firm in Town the same quality of Goods. We have a Large Assortment of
PLOW SHOES!
On consignment, which will be sold VERY CHEAP. No Shoddy Goods. All kinds of
GROCERIES, FLOUR,
&c., &c., Cheap. All good Goods, and one Price to all. The poor man's money will buy as much as the rich; no two prices. All Goods delivered Free.
Give us a Call and be Convinced.
v9-35 DURAND & HATCH.

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WOOD BRO'S

CHELSEA, - MICHIGAN,
—FOR—
GREAT BARGAINS
—IN—
BOOTS
—AND—
SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
UMBRELLAS, WALL PAPER,
ALL KINDS OF
GROCERIES
AND CROCKERY,
And in fact almost everything you can think of. Their Store is "chuck full" of all the above articles, and their
WAREHOUSE of Corn, Feed,
Salt, Plaster, Clover
Seed, Timothy
Seed, &c., &c.
Chelsea, April 22, '80. v9-19

YOUNG'S COUGH AND Lung Syrup.

A Vegetable Compound for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.
A preparation which Effectually Controls the Most Dangerous Affections.
Its adaptation to patients of all ages, and either sex, and the fact that it can be used without danger from accidental overdose, renders it indispensable to every family.
A trial of several years has proven to the satisfaction of many that it is efficacious in Curing
Pulmonary Complaints, Croup, Whooping Cough, Tickling of the Throat, Asthma, Coughs, and all Affections where an Expectant is needed. Endorsed by the clergy and medical faculty.
Prepared only by
W. JOHNSON & CO.
Chemists & Druggists,
161 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Sold by all Druggists.

Sold by W. R. Reed & Co. v9-11-y

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS

By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and unwholesome circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.
v9-9-ly

Let Up—Take a Rest!

If you want to start on a very cheap and enjoyable tour in July, to Niagara, the 1,000 Islands, the St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec, White and Franconia Mountains, Boston, Newport, New York, up the Hudson, Saratoga, and return over the best route, stopping when and where you want to; with all expenses paid, and no "extras," write to
H. F. ERERTS, Excursion Agt.,
Canada Southern Ry., Detroit, Mich.
41-4v

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MICH. SALT ASSOCIATION, EAST SAGINAW, MICH.

The following is one of many Testimonials of Salt as a Fertilizer:
LAKESIDE STOCK FARM AND SYRACUSE NURSERIES,
199 West Genesee st,
Syracuse, N. Y., March 27, 1880

J. W. BARKER, Sec'y, Syracuse, N. Y. Dear Sir: We take pleasure in stating that we have used the Onondaga salt more or less for the past 25 years, and found it generally beneficial in nursery and on farm, especially so for Standard and Dwarf Pear, Plum, Quince Trees, Grass, Wheat and Oats; also, as a covering to compost heaps, as it assists in decomposition and in killing obnoxious vegetation. Yours, truly,
SMITH & POWELL.

Analyses of this salt have been made to determine its value as manure. It is so rusty that no one would dream of using it on their table, and if it were used to salt beef or fish, the results would be disastrous, yet its value for manure may be seen from the results of analyses:

Common Salt.....	87.74
Chloride of Potassium.....	2.40
Sulphate of lime.....	1.68
Carbonates of lime & magnesia	75
Oxide of iron.....	87
Water.....	6.38
	99.91

Salt that contains 2 1/2 per cent. of chloride of potassium in place of the same amount of chloride of sodium, is worth \$1 a ton more for manure than pure salt.

TAYLOR BROS. Sole Agents for Chelsea and vicinity.
v9-36 CHELSEA, MICH.

WOOD BRO'S

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—FOR—
GREAT BARGAINS
—IN—
BOOTS
—AND—
SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
UMBRELLAS, WALL PAPER,
ALL KINDS OF
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AND CROCKERY,
And in fact almost everything you can think of. Their Store is "chuck full" of all the above articles, and their
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Salt, Plaster, Clover
Seed, Timothy
Seed, &c., &c.
Chelsea, April 22, '80. v9-19

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A Vegetable Compound for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.
A preparation which Effectually Controls the Most Dangerous Affections.
Its adaptation to patients of all ages, and either sex, and the fact that it can be used without danger from accidental overdose, renders it indispensable to every family.
A trial of several years has proven to the satisfaction of many that it is efficacious in Curing
Pulmonary Complaints, Croup, Whooping Cough, Tickling of the Throat, Asthma, Coughs, and all Affections where an Expectant is needed. Endorsed by the clergy and medical faculty.
Prepared only by
W. JOHNSON & CO.
Chemists & Druggists,
161 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Sold by all Druggists.

Sold by W. R. Reed & Co. v9-11-y

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS

By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and unwholesome circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.
v9-9-ly

Let Up—Take a Rest!

If you want to start on a very cheap and enjoyable tour in July, to Niagara, the 1,000 Islands, the St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec, White and Franconia Mountains, Boston, Newport, New York, up the Hudson, Saratoga, and return over the best route, stopping when and where you want to; with all expenses paid, and no "extras," write to
H. F. ERERTS, Excursion Agt.,
Canada Southern Ry., Detroit, Mich.
41-4v

Let Up—Take a Rest!

If you want

M. C. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Table with columns for GOING WEST and GOING EAST, listing train numbers and departure times.

G. W. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Table with columns for LEAVE and ARRIVE, listing train numbers and times for various routes.

Time of Closing the Mail. Western Mail, 9:00, 11:00 A. M. & 5:30 P. M.

The Chelsea Herald, IS PUBLISHED Every Thursday Morning, by A. Allison, Chelsea, Mich.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday Evenings, on or preceding each full moon.

WASHNETAW ENCAMPMENT, No. 17, I. O. O. F.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday of each month.

Kempf & Brother, BANKERS, AND PRODUCE DEALERS, CHELSEA, - - MICH.

Interest Paid on Special Deposits. Foreign Passage Tickets, to and from the Old Country, Sold.

Drafts Sold on all the Principal Towns of Europe.

The Laws of the State of Michigan hold Private Bankers liable to the full extent of their Personal Estate, thereby securing Depositors against any possible contingency.

Monies Loaned on First-Class Security, at Reasonable Rates. Insurance on Farm and City Property Effectuated.

Chelsea Flour Mill. L. E. SPARKS, Proprietor of Chelsea Steam Flour Mill, keeps constantly on hand A No. 1 Wheat Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc.

GEO. E. WRIGHT, D. D. S., OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL DENTIST, OFFICE OVER THE CHELSEA BANK, CHELSEA, MICH. [7-13]

INSURANCE COMPANIES REPRESENTED BY WM. E. DEPEW. Assets, \$6,109,527.

M. W. BUSH, DENTIST, OFFICE OVER H. S. HOLMES' STORE, CHELSEA, MICH. 31

Unclaimed Letters. LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Chelsea, July 1st, 1880.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. Rev. THOS. HOLMES, Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

M. E. CHURCH. Rev. J. L. HUDSON, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday School immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST CHURCH. Rev. E. A. GAY, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH. Rev. Father DUNG, Services every Sunday, at 8 and 10 1/2 A. M. Vespers, 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock A. M.

LUTHERAN CHURCH. Rev. Mr. METZGER, Services every alternate Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M.

OUR TELEPHONE. WHORTLEBERRIES are selling at 7 cents per quart. New potatoes are in market at \$1 per bushel.

BEAUTIFUL Chins and Glassware, for sale cheap at Wood Bros. We are having copious showers of rain, with intervals of extreme sultry weather.

Mr. Samuel Guerin's new residence is progressing finely. The big rush of wool into market is being somewhat easier.

Dr. Geo. E. Wright, dentist, takes a ride on horseback every morning for his health. THE Misses Clark's new dwelling on Middle street east, is progressing. It is to be brick outside and frame inside.

THE harvest in this section has commenced, and the indications are there will be a good yield. FRENCH'S Shoe Store sells Ladies' Fine Shoes (Gray Bros. make), at \$2.50; the usual price being \$3.00.

Mr. Bernard Parker's new residence on Fifth avenue is getting along at a rapid rate. When finished it will be one of the finest mansions in this village. Mrs. Barnes has had her residence thoroughly overhauled from cellar to garret, and also a new addition to the main building. We give Vocum and Shaver credit for doing such a nice job.

ALL who contemplate patronizing that excellent preparatory school, the Michigan Military Academy, should send to Colonel Rogers for the new catalogue. Address him at Orchard Lake. 42-31

NOTICE—The annual meeting of School District No. 3 fractional, will be held at the school house next Monday evening, July 12th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of electing two trustees, and transacting such other business as may be lawfully brought before it. WM. E. DEPEW, Director.

A NEW DEPOT at LAST—F. G. Russell, attorney for the Michigan Central Railroad Co., and Mr. Morris, were in town on Tuesday last. They were the guests of G. W. Turnbull. The news is that a depot will be in course of construction in a few days. Hurrah for our new depot!

REV. Mrs. Mary Lathrop, of Jackson, delivered a very able address on temperance at the M. E. Church in this village on last Saturday evening to a large audience; she also delivered the annual missionary sermon in the forenoon Sunday, and in the evening preached a very eloquent sermon to an overflowing house.

ANN ARBOR had a big 4th of July celebration on the 31. There were five bands represented, Chelsea, Dexter, Ypsilanti and two of Ann Arbor. Those who were present say that the Chelsea band done half of the work—were fine-looking men—had the best looking uniforms, and carried the palm off for the day.

ALL kinds of Boots and Shoes remarkably cheap, at French's Shoe Store, Chelsea.

THE 3d, 4th and 5th of July passed off very quietly in Chelsea; the most of the inhabitants went abroad to celebrate and have a little fun; as for the printers—the President of the village presented us with a bunch of fire-crackers, and when firing them off we supposed we were young again, for which we return thanks.

PICNIC—On the 3d instant the people of Lima celebrated our national anniversary by a picnic at Parker's Grove. There was quite a large attendance, and all seemed to enjoy themselves immensely. At 1 o'clock the ladies spread a very bountiful dinner. After dinner Hon. Sanson Parker, President of the Day announced that the exercises would be opened by music by the choir. After singing prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Schenk, and W. E. Dewep of this village then delivered an address appropriate to the occasion. After the close of the address a committee was appointed consisting of Edward Nordman, Milton Whitaker, and Samson Parker of Lima, and Charles W. Truman, H. Baldwin and H. Pierce of Sylvan, to arrange for a Harvest Picnic for the townships of Lima and Sylvan. Mr. Colton Wines then entertained the company for a time with music and the exercises closed.

Mr. John Muhlig, Poyner, Iowa, sends us the following communication: I have been a sufferer with Rheumatism for the last six years. I tried lots of medicines without any success. Visiting one day the store of Messrs. Wangler Bros., in Waterloo, Iowa, these gentlemen induced me to try the St. Jacobs Oil, telling me it had a record as a very effective remedy. I bought a bottle, used it regularly according to directions, and was relieved of the ailment from which I had suffered for six long years.

WORK AND LIVE—Man was put into the world to work, and cannot find true happiness in remaining idle. So long as a man has vitality to spare upon work it must be used or it will become a source of grievous harassing discontent. The man will not know what to do with himself, and when he has reached such a point as that he is unconsciously digging his own grave and fashioning his own coffin. Life needs a steady channel to run in—regular habits of work and of sleep. It needs a steady, stimulating aim—a tendency toward something. An aimless life cannot be happy or for a long period healthy. Even if a man has achieved wealth sufficient for his needs, he frequently makes an error in retiring from business. A greater shock can hardly befall a man who has been active than that which he experiences when, having relinquished his pursuits, he finds unused time and unused vitality hanging upon his idle hands and mind. The current of his life is thus thrown into eddies or settles into a sluggish pool and he begins to die. When the fund of vitality sinks so low that he can follow no labor without such a draft upon his forces that sleep cannot restore them, then it will be soon enough to stop work.

Try Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Restorer if you would have a luxuriant growth of hair. LONG or SHORT VACATIONS—Long, of course, say all the children. Two months, at least, say the tired teachers. For once, teachers and pupils are in perfect accord. The vote is unanimous, and there are no dissenters.

But there is actually a movement made to return to the old-fashioned vacation of two weeks in August. In some parts of Canada we see the teachers have much trouble to get the whole month for a rest. Among ourselves there is a strong pressure brought to bear upon school committees in some counties to shorten the vacation.

A father says: "My boy bathes in the river seven times a day when he is out of school, and plays himself to death; he is never sick except when school is closed." A poor laboring mother cries, "What are my four children to be thrown on my hands the whole summer?" A man of business declares, "In thirty years I have not had a vacation of ten days, and yet six weeks are not long enough for the teachers!"

We see two sides to this question. It is certainly desirable to keep children from running wild, and yet both they and their teachers need change and rest. It may be found best, in the course of time, or even now in some places, to hold a sort of picnic every morning during the heat of summer at and around the school-house. The girls could bring their sewing, the boys their pencils, and all of them their sing-books. Avoiding hard lessons and all the usual routine, the school could spend the morning in singing, sewing, drawing, reading, and listening to reading.

Such a plan would be more agreeable to the parents and children than to the teacher. For teachers need and must have rest.

Animal Wonders. In each grain of sand there are marvels; in every drop of water a world. In that great spectacle called Nature, every being has its marked place and distinct role; and in that great drama called life, there presides a law as harmonious as that which rules the movement of the stars. Each hour removes by death myriads of existences, and each hour produces legions of new lives. The highest as the lowest organism consumes carbon and water to support life and its duties, and it is not uninteresting to glance at the food, the habits, and the ways and means, peculiar to some of the inferior animals. From the petrified reptiles we know what such fossilized reptiles as the plesiosaurs, etc., are, and we may some day discover the fish and crustacea they hunted down. Animals, when not living by their own respectable efforts, are either parasites or dependents; many would seem to have positive trades or are connected with branches of industry. There are miners, masons, carpenters, paper manufacturers, and weavers, lace-makers even, all working first for themselves, and next to propagate their kind. The miners dig into the earth, use natural supports, remove the useless soil; such as the mole, the chinchilla of Peru, the badger, the lion, ant, as well as certain worms and mollusks. The masons build huts and places according to the rules of architecture, as the bees and tropical ants; there are fish that construct boats that the waves never can upset, and Agassiz has drawn attention to a fish which builds its nest on the floating sea weed in the mid-ocean, and deposits therein its eggs. The wasps of South America fabricate a sort of paper or pasteboard. Spiders are weavers as well as lace-makers; one species constructs a diving-bell, a palace of lace. When the astronomer has need of the most delicate thread for his telescope, he applies to a tiny spider. When the naturalist desires to test his microscope, he selects a certain shell of a sea insect, so small that several millions of them in water could not be visible to the naked eye, and yet no microscope has yet been made sufficiently powerful to reveal the beautiful variegated designs on the atomic shell. Aristotle remarked, and he has since been corroborated, that a variety of plover enters the crocodile's mouth, picks the remnants of food off the animal's tongue and from between its teeth. This living toothpick is necessary, as the tongue of the crocodile is not mobile. The Mexican owl, when enjoying a siesta, puts itself under the guard of a kind of rat, that gives the alarm on the approach of danger. Parasites are everywhere, dependent on no peculiar condition of the body, and are as abundant in persons of the most robust as of the most debilitated health. They are at home in the muscles, in the heart, in the ventricles of the brain, in the ball of the eye. They are generally either in the form of a leaf or a ribbon, and are not necessarily, as was once supposed, confined to a special animal. The parasites of fish have been detected living in the intestines of birds; and there are some that, for the purpose of development, must pass into the economy of a second animal.

If you are troubled with Kidney Complaint, try Hill's Compound Extract of Buchu and Cubebs. It will cure you. A high Illinois court decides that a party who lends money at usury forfeits all claim to any interest whatsoever, and can recover only the principal in an action for debt.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Wardell, of Detroit, daughter of J. H. Durand, of this village, is making a week's visit among her friends. Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic cures Dyspepsia. Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic prevents Malaria. Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic restores the appetite. Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic cures Fever and Ague. v9-43-1y

NOTICE. In accordance with an Order issued out of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, in the matter of the Estate of Albert Congdon, deceased.

The undersigned, Administrator of said Estate will, on the twenty-third day of July, A. D. 1880, at ten o'clock A. M., of said day at the office of G. W. Turnbull, in the Village of Chelsea, sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder all the Notes, Accounts, Judgments and choses in action belonging to said Estate.

A list of such accounts, notes, etc. can be seen at any time at the office of G. W. Turnbull. Each account, note, judgment, etc., will be sold separately, so that any person desiring to buy can bid on one or more of such claims. ORRIN THATCHER, Administrator. Dated Chelsea, July 2, 1880.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss. COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, } ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the twenty-third day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Joshua Downer, deceased, Elkanah P. Downer, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and reports that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

It is Ordered, that Tuesday, the twenty-seventh day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHELSEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, (A true copy) Judge of Probate. WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Chelsea Market.

Table listing market prices for various goods like FLOUR, WHEAT, OATS, etc., with prices per bushel or barrel.

HOW TO ATTAIN SUCCESS. Without health, life is a failure. YELLOW EYES, SALLOW COMPLEXION, LOSS OF APPETITE, DYSPEPSIA, SICK-HEADACHE, BRUISES, and CONSTIPATION, are the result of a complaining LIVER.

"GAINED A POUND A DAY" SOUTH STROTON, N. Y., April 7, 1876. DR. M. M. FENNER, Fregonia, N. Y. Dear Sir:—I had been suffering from Abscesses on my Lungs and Liver Disease for about three months. Coughed a great deal, had become nervous and restless and my flesh had wasted away. I had been treated by three different physicians with-out any material benefit.

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic may well be called "The conquering hero" of the times. Whoever has "the blues" should take it, for it regulates and restores the disordered system that gives rise to them. It always cures Biliousness and Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headaches, Fever and Ague, Spleen Enlargement, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches, and ALL SKIN ERUPTIONS and BLOOD DISORDERS, Swelled Limbs and Dropsy, Sleeplessness, Impaired Nerves and Nervous Debility; Restores flesh and strength when the system is running down or going into decline; cures Female Weakness and Chronic Rheumatism, and relieves Chronic Bronchitis, and all Lung and Throat difficulties. It does these things by striking at the root of disease and removing its causes.

Dr. Fenner's Improved Cough Honey will relieve any cough in one hour. Try sample bottle at 10 cents. Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief cures any pain, as Toothache, Neuralgia, Colic, or Headache, in 5 to 30 minutes, and readily relieves Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Diarrhoea, etc. Try sample bottle at 10c. Dr. Fenner's Vegetable Blood and Liver Pills. The best family physic known. For sale by Glazier & Armstrong, Chelsea, Mich. [v9-13-1y]

Rev. George H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., known to every one in that vicinity as a most influential citizen, and Christian Minister of the M. E. Church, says: "I will ever be glad to know that our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Drs. Metchett & France, Physicians and Druggists, of the same place, says: "It is having a tremendous sale, and is giving perfect satisfaction, such as nothing else has done." For Lame Back, Side, or Chest, don't fail to use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. We recommend these remedies." Sold by W. R. REED & CO.

DO YOU BELIEVE IT That in this town there are scores of persons passing our store every day whose lives are made miserable by Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour and distressed Stomach, Liver Complaint, Constipation, when for 75 cts. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by W. R. REED & CO., Chelsea, Mich.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of the complaint, without extra charge. Price 50 cts. Sold by W. R. REED & CO. v9-44-6m-cow

USE TOLU ROCK AND RYE SURE CURE Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, and All Diseases of THROAT and LUNGS.

Put up in Quart-Size Bottles for Family Use. Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystallized Rock Candy, Old Rye, and other ingredients. The Tolu is pure, and the Balsam is highly concentrated, and when used in the manner directed, it is guaranteed to cure the most obstinate cases of Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, and all other diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

CAUTION! DON'T BE DECEIVED. Beware of cheap imitations. The name TOLU ROCK AND RYE is blown in the glass of our bottles, and will always be found in the place of our bottles. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations.

Ask your Druggist for 1c. Ask your Grocer for 1c. Ask your Pharmacist for 1c. Children, Ask your Mother for 1c. Sold by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS and WINE MERCHANTS everywhere. v9-14-8m

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PLEASE CALL AND SEE GOODS SHOWN WITH PLEASURE. Most Complete Stock to Select From. Respectfully, H. S. HOLMES, Chelsea, Michigan. [v9-18]

Rev. George H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., known to every one in that vicinity as a most influential citizen, and Christian Minister of the M. E. Church, says: "I will ever be glad to know that our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Drs. Metchett & France, Physicians and Druggists, of the same place, says: "It is having a tremendous sale, and is giving perfect satisfaction, such as nothing else has done." For Lame Back, Side, or Chest, don't fail to use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. We recommend these remedies." Sold by W. R. REED & CO.

DO YOU BELIEVE IT That in this town there are scores of persons passing our store every day whose lives are made miserable by Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour and distressed Stomach, Liver Complaint, Constipation, when for 75 cts. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by W. R. REED & CO., Chelsea, Mich.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of the complaint, without extra charge. Price 50 cts. Sold by W. R. REED & CO. v9-44-6m-cow

USE TOLU ROCK AND RYE SURE CURE Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, and All Diseases of THROAT and LUNGS. Put up in Quart-Size Bottles for Family Use. Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystallized Rock Candy, Old Rye, and other ingredients. The Tolu is pure, and the Balsam is highly concentrated, and when used in the manner directed, it is guaranteed to cure the most obstinate cases of Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, and all other diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

CAUTION! DON'T BE DECEIVED. Beware of cheap imitations. The name TOLU ROCK AND RYE is blown in the glass of our bottles, and will always be found in the place of our bottles. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations. Ask your Druggist for 1c. Ask your Grocer for 1c. Ask your Pharmacist for 1c. Children, Ask your Mother for 1c. Sold by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS and WINE MERCHANTS everywhere. v9-14-8m

MICHIGAN.

Albert L. Bigelow, a well-known young merchant of Kalamazoo, died Sunday morning at the residence of his father-in-law, Dr. F. H. Chase, the result of an accident which occurred about eight weeks ago while in Chicago.

At Scott's, Kalamazoo county, Sunday night a man named Eugene McGregor, aged 24, was drowned in a pond. He was with four others, including his wife, who were out on a picnic. The body was recovered.

Mrs. Beckwith, wife of the Hon. Walter G. Beckwith, died very suddenly at Cassopolis on Sunday evening of heart disease. She was one of the pioneers of Cass county and a lady much esteemed and beloved by all who knew her.

The central school building at Marshall town was destroyed by fire on Sunday evening and was damaged \$50,000 or \$60,000; fully insured.

While a young girl, 14 years of age, an adopted daughter of Adam Walters, of Kinderhook, Branch county, was crossing the last bridge over the Michigan river, she was struck by a mass of ice and died Monday morning after suffering terrible agony.

Two little boys named Mumford were caught in the snafing of Thomas & Co's mill at Chase Friday morning, and were badly injured. One was instantly killed and the other was not expected to live.

Eugene Doolittle, of Roxand, Wis., was found dead in his wheatfield last Friday night about 12 o'clock. It is supposed that he was killed by some coils out of his wheat, and having driven them into a corner tried to make them jump out where they came in and was killed by one of the horses, breaking one rib over his head, which resulted in instant death, as no signs of a struggle were to be seen.

A telegram from Burlington, Wis., announces that John F. Wiles, formerly proprietor of a woolen mill in Flint, which was well known in this state, was burned to death at Burlington on Monday.

The Board of Regents of the University met at Ann Arbor on Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock. There was a full board present and Dr. F. W. Loomis was president. The Finance Committee submitted a statement of receipts and disbursements for the quarter ending June 30. The receipts, including \$22,500 on hand at the beginning of the quarter, amounted to \$75,865. The disbursements for the same time were \$19,194.

The annual races of the Charlotte Driving Park Association will be held four days in the first week of August. Nearly \$5,000 is offered in purses.

The Hon. John L. Burleigh on Wednesday began suit by summons against John N. Bailey, publisher of the Ann Arbor Argus, for libel, laying damages at \$10,000. The suit is brought in consequence of an article in the Argus with alleged malicious intent of the libel of divorce recently filed by Mrs. Burleigh and the refusal of the publisher to publish Mr. Burleigh's answer.

Wm. L. Webber and Sanford Keeler of the Flint and Perry Marquette have gone up to Marquette to look after the extension to that city. The extension is now considered certain and work is expected to commence at an early day.

The commissioners for locating the blind institute have leased the Odd Fellows institute at Lansing for fourteen months, immediate possession. Arrangements will soon be made to transfer the blind from Flint to Lansing.

Manistee has a population of 7,775. Rev. M. C. Lightner, formerly rector of St. Paul and the first rector of Grace church, Detroit, died in Oakland, California, of apoplexy, Thursday.

The balance of cash in the State Treasury June 19 is \$1,240,888.95. Receipts for the week ending June 26 were \$7,877.28; payments for same time \$10,736.10; leaving a balance June 26, 1880, of \$1,230,152.85; increase for the week, \$47,044.18.

Clark Flagg, a brick mason, committed suicide at Battle Creek Thursday night, with prussic acid and morphine. The end of protracted dissipation.

Wednesday afternoon, at Byron Center, Kent county, Mrs. Basileus, a Mormon woman, committed suicide by hanging herself to a rafter in the attic of her house. She was deranged, and had made several attempts on her life before.

According to Hon. Levi Bishop's record the murders and attempts to murder for the first half of the present year in Michigan have been 27, an average of more than two a week.

Wm. L. Mills, for 42 years a prominent resident of Adrian, died Friday morning, aged 61. He was for many years chief engineer of the fire department, and prominent in Masonic matters. He was buried with Knights Templar honors Sunday.

The mammoth tub and pall factory of the Hon. A. H. Morrison, at St. Joseph, arrested Friday evening. Loss estimated at \$50,000; insured for \$25,000.

A movement is on foot to hang up a purse of \$400 or \$500 to be completed by professional scullers on the Saturday following the Northwestern Amateur Rowing Association regatta at Bay City.

Friday afternoon a 7-year-old boy named Joseph V. Lewis, of the logs in Miller & Lewis' logging on South Bay City, fell in and was drowned before assistance could reach him. His father was drowned four years ago.

Bidding for the construction of the reform school for girls at Adrian closed Saturday. Five tenders were received, ranging in difference some \$8,000. The names of the bidders and the amounts will not be made public until a final meeting of the committee on the lowest proposal is understood to come from a Detroit firm.

M. H. Clark, formerly of the Grand Rapids Democrat, has started a new Democratic paper at Hastings.

Mrs. Ann Eliza Young, Brigham Young's 17th wife, has become a resident of Battle Creek. Will two of her sons by her first husband.

Census statistics: Grand Rapids, 23,037, against 25,283 in 1874; East Saginaw, 19,065, against 17,084 in 1874; Adrian, 7,856, against 8,863 in 1874; Pontiac, 4,312, against 4,215 in 1874; Ann Arbor, 4,912, against 5,782 in 1874; Lapeer, 2,188, against 2,887 in 1874; Charlotte, 3,100, against 2,651 in 1874; Traverse City, 1,925, against 1,900 in 1874; Port Huron, 1,890, against 1,930 in 1874; Grand Rapids, 3,550 against 3,103 in 1874.

Dr. William G. Cox, charged with the murder of Miss Anna Clemens of Bay City, whose dead body was found in the Range, under circumstances which indicated that her death was caused by abortion, was acquitted in the recorder's court at Detroit, Saturday afternoon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The gross receipts from internal revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880, were in round figures, \$123,000,000, an increase of \$10,000,000 over the receipts of last year, and an increase of \$3,000,000 over the estimates of the department. This increase is derived from whisky, cigars and cigarettes.

President Hayes visited Bradford, Ok., on Monday, and held a reception in a room in the Totoket house, built by his great grandfather, Ezekiel Hayes. The house is of brick and was the President's great grandfather, 150 years ago.

Two freight trains came in collision early Tuesday morning at Petersburg, Pa., on the Pennsylvania road. Another freight train, with John B. Crawford, engineer, and M. A. Shriver, fireman, ran into the wreck. Both men were instantly killed.

The census returns of Mill was also given. The census of 118,131, with two districts estimated.

The officers of the schooner Kate Gillett report having seen, about 15 miles east from Manitowoc, on Lake Michigan, what seemed to be the flame and smoke of a burning vessel far east of them. The time was about sunset Monday. Nothing of the kind has been reported from other sources.

The seventh annual conference of educators and correction began a four day session on Sunday evening in Detroit. About fifty persons prominently identified with reformatory charities in different states in the union were present as delegates.

Sny levee, which begins at a point between the mouth of the Mississippi and the mouth of the Mississippi river, broke at 3 Wednesday morning at what is known as the cut off, some 15 miles below Hannibal. At noon Wednesday, the cut off was 50 feet wide and 10 feet deep. It is impossible to estimate the amount of damage that will result from this flood, but it will aggregate several hundred thousand dollars. A slight idea of the damage may be gained from the fact that an extent of country 40 miles long and from four to 10 miles wide was protected by the embankment.

An application has been made for a writ of habeas corpus for George Bennett, alias Dickson, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of the Hon. George Brown at Toronto. The ground of the application is that a juror in the first trial went to sleep.

Jim Elliott, the prize fighter, has been sentenced to two years in Sing Sing prison for a fight with a man named Henry.

A fatal accident happened on the Northern railroad during the university race at New London, Conn., on Thursday, which resulted in the death of President F. W. Lincoln of the Boston and Albany railroad and Mrs. Dr. William Appleton of Boston.

Thursday morning the Lake Minnetonka, Minn., pleasure steamer Mary owned and run by Captain Halstead, while lying at the wharf of the St. Louis hotel, exploded her boiler with terrible effect, completely wrecking the boat, which sank immediately. Four persons were killed and several severely injured.

There were 79 fatal cases of sunstroke in the 24 hours ending at noon Thursday in New York.

The direct damage caused by the Lachine canal accident is about \$50,000. The indirect damage is likely to exceed \$1,000,000.

Gen. and Mrs. Grant left Galena Thursday for Kansas and Colorado, going via the Illinois Central to Bloomington, thence to the Chicago and Alton to Kansas City.

Companies A. D. H. and I, 13th United States infantry, with band and regimental headquarters, arrived at St. Louis on Thursday morning from New Orleans, where they had been on duty for some time.

Mary O'Connor, aged 45, of Jersey City, killed her three children during a fit of insanity. Mrs. O'Connor had been sick for a long time, suffering from mania, and had been unable to take care of her children, and she thought that, by killing them, they would go to Heaven.

A special from Cedar Mills, Tex., says that F. Frank Northcote, who shot Constable Crabtree, was arrested and placed under guard at Crabtree's house. During Friday night he was taken from the guard by a mob of masked men who crossed Red river into the Indian territory, and shot him dead.

The Secretary of the Treasury has returned to the treasury \$1,000,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for funding the national debt, and \$1,000,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for collecting the revenue from customs for the last year, being the sum saved by the department out of the sums authorized to be expended by law.

Gen. Sherman and Secretary Ramsey were at St. Paul Friday and attended the commemoration of the discovery of the Falls of St. Anthony at Minneapolis on Saturday. Gen. Sherman was escorted by the citizens of St. Paul Friday night. He and Secretary Ramsey made speeches, as did Judge McCarty who was there holding court.

The bodies of two more victims of the Sewaule disaster were picked up Saturday in East river, making a total of 40 bodies recovered. Twelve persons are still missing.

The soldiers' monument at Painesville, Ohio, was dedicated Saturday with imposing ceremonies, including a large military band and a large number of soldiers were made by Gen. Garfield, Gen. J. D. Cox and others.

POLITICAL.

An immense ratification meeting of the nomination of Grant for President was held at the Wigwag at Indianapolis Saturday evening. Ex-gov. Hendricks presided. Speeches were made by Ex-gov. Hendricks, the Hon. W. H. English, Secretary of War, President, Senators McDonald and Voorhees, the Hon. Franklin Landers, candidate for governor, and others.

The Democrats of New Albany, Ind., have nominated S. W. Stocksaiger for Congress, George A. Bicknell, present incumbent, and Jeptha-D. New were his opponents.

At a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee of Kansas on Tuesday, it was agreed to call the State Convention at Topeka, September 1.

Gen. Hancock having expressed a desire to be informally upon Gov. Tilden, the general met Senator W. M. McKim, of Pennsylvania, Gen. Franklin of Connecticut, and Mr. Henry Waterson of Kentucky Wednesday morning at the Gilsey house, by appointment, from whence the party returned to Grand Rapids on Thursday.

West Virginia State convention of Friday night was called to order by Gen. G. C. Sturgis, who was nominated for governor, G. B. Caldwell for attorney-general, John S. Cunningham for auditor, Richard Burke for treasurer, Prof. A. L. Purinton for state superintendent of free schools, Judge Edwin Maxwell for judge of the supreme court of appeals.

The Republican national committee met Thursday night at the Fifth Avenue hotel, New York and was called to order by Gov. Jewett of Connecticut. When the roll was called it was found that 29 members were present and 11 proxies.

Without effecting a permanent organization the committee adjourned to Friday.

Gen. R. R. Dawes was nominated for congress Thursday by the Republicans of the fifteenth Ohio district.

At the Yale commencement on Thursday the honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon President Hayes.

The Democratic State central committee held a meeting in Detroit, Friday, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for governor and decided to call the convention to nominate candidates for State offices for the 17th of August, in the Detroit opera house.

The Ovid Register, which has heretofore been a neutral paper, in its issue of Friday, placed the names of Hancock and English at the head of its columns.

The Republican national committee completed its organization Friday by electing J. W. Jewett of Connecticut for chairman, and S. W. Dorsey of Arkansas for secretary. A resolution was passed calling for a meeting of the national committee on the 15th of October. The following were named members of the western division of the executive committee, headquarters at Chicago: John

A. Logan, Illinois; John C. New, Indiana; John S. Runnels, Iowa; Edith, England; W. C. Cooper, Ohio; Chauncey I. Filley, Missouri; and John A. Martin, Kansas. This division will be under the charge of Gen. Logan.

FOREIGN.

Telegraphic communication with Buenos Ayres is entirely cut off.

Carl Petersen, the celebrated Danish explorer of the arctic regions, is dead.

A dispatch from Kamenak reports that locusts have invaded the steppes of the Don. The wheat crop is regarded as lost. Complaints of ravages of insects are universal throughout the country.

A Constantinople dispatch says that the Porte has ordered that a state of siege be immediately proclaimed throughout the provinces on the Greek frontier.

A Paris dispatch on Wednesday says that the Jesuits were led out by the police. There was upwards of one thousand police. It is said that the count de Mun was among those arrested for shouting "Down with the Republic!"

The Jesuit chapels were thronged Tuesday in the provinces. At Lille 500 persons, headed by the chairman of the chamber of commerce, were admitted to the chapels to express their sympathy for them.

The resolution agreed to by the government, and moved by Mr. Gladstone, admitting elected members of the House of Commons to affirm who may claim to do so, instead of taking the oath, was adopted Thursday without division, and a subsequent motion by Mr. Gladstone that the resolution be a standing order was also agreed to without division.

The Sultan, in consequence of his fears relative to the secret designs of the powers, has an idea of rendering the Dardanelles impregnable by torpedoes and mines, and has ordered the preparation of plans and estimates.

A Vienna dispatch says that there is good reason to believe that the Anglo-French squadron will shortly be sent to the Levant, and that some Italians will join it.

In the House of Commons Friday afternoon, Mr. Bradstreet made an affirmation, instead of taking the oath, and took a seat at the furthest point below the gangway.

The latest intelligence from Buenos Ayres at Rio de Janeiro is that peace has been concluded, Buenos Ayres having submitted to the national authorities.

DETROIT STOCK MARKETS.

Table of stock prices for various commodities including Flour, Wheat, Barley, Corn, Beans, Potatoes, and other goods.

DETROIT STOCK MARKETS.

The following were the offerings of live stock at the Michigan Central yards on Saturday morning, June 26, 1880: Sheep, 330; Cattle, 110; Hogs, 110; Pigs, 110; etc.

DETROIT STOCK MARKETS.

Saw the GENERAL.—A good story is told of General Grant when taking his early morning walk in Green Bay, Wis., on Saturday week last.

SCHOOL WISDOM.

An excellent instance of the way in which children in the average public school learn to learn is related by Barnes' Educational Monthly. A teacher in one of our public schools has been accustomed to require her pupils to say: "The equator is an imaginary line passing around the earth," etc.

The beginning and end of a chicken's life—Hatched.

Of all Summer clothing, the straw hat stands at the head.

Two heads are better than one, but not on the same pin.

A man's character is like a fence— you cannot strengthen it by whitewash.

Two Buffalo papers agree that the Narragansett was struck three feet aft of the stern.

Fourth of July has no business to come on Sunday, and it wouldn't if alarm-makers had any patriotism.

"Never mistake minister for inspiration," said an old pastor just being charged to a young pastor just being ordained.

When Mr. Everts begins to write the Spaniards will wish they had not assumed themselves by shooting at the American flag.

A murderer was hanged in Texas the other day, but it was by a mistake—the worthy citizens thought he had stolen a horse.

"Now tell me candidly, are you guilty?" asked a lawyer of his client. "Why, do you suppose I'd be foolish enough to hire you if I was innocent?"

To get fish from thistles—Reduce one ton of thistles to seventy pounds of potato. Then sell your potato for cash. Then take the cash and buy figs.

"Did you know," said a cunning Yankee to a Jew, "that they hang Jews and donkeys together in Poland?" "Indeed! then it is well that you and I are not there," retorted the Jew.

We were very sensitive about good behavior when a boy. It always brought tears into our eyes to see a naughty boy in school put red pepper on a hot stove.—New York Mail.

A fugitive from justice got himself up as a book-agent, and easily worked his way out of the country without anybody's trying to question him, or, in fact, go near him.

"In choosing a wife," says the *Phrenological Journal*, "be governed by her chin." The worst of it is, that, after having chosen a wife, one is apt to keep on being governed in the same way.

"I wish I was worth a million dollars," said a gentleman. "What good would it do you, for you don't spend your present income?" inquired a friend. "Oh, I could be economical on a large scale."

An original method of advertising was lately devised by a Cincinnati merchant, who hired a man to represent General Butler, had a carriage waiting for him at the boat, drove him through the streets behind a brass band, and ended the procession in front of his own store, into which the alleged General Butler went.

An aged colored man, hastening home from church, was asked why he was in such a hurry. "Oh, nothing," pertiklar, boss," was his answer, "only I see he'd at Conference at Sam Johnson's fell in 'm grave, an' I thought I'd get right home 's soon 's I could an' lock up my chickens. Dat's all."

A colored banker, much alarmed by the failure of several other banks in his neighborhood, closed his own establishment. A man knocked at the barred door. "Who's dar?" cried the banker. "Open the door!" called the man. "Dis bank's closed," remarked the banker. "Don't care whether the bank's closed or not," cried the stranger; "I left a pair of new boots here yesterday and I want them." Presently the door was thrust partly open and one boot pushed out, with the remark: "We is only payin' 50 cents on the dollar to-day."

At Manhattan Beach, on Sunday last, a gentleman with limited cash and plenty of hungry friends took a seat at dinner with his friends at the table of a first-class hotel. A Patterson, N. J., joker, sitting at the same table, had detestably placed a bill of fare of a third-rate restaurant before the young man, who, noting the low prices, ordered liberally. A scene ensued at the close of the meal, for in place of twenty cents for a beef steak \$1.50 was charged, and other things in proportion. How the matter was settled the joker did not wait to learn.

SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMONDS.—The produce of the South African mines is enormous, and the quality of the stones, which is frequently marred by a somewhat tawny complexion, is reported to be improving. Indeed, a few "drops" from the Vaal River, skillfully mounted by Mr. Streeter, was declared by experts to be of Indian extraction. Vast profits have been realized. One gentleman's "claim" is said to have cleared in two years \$45,000. The New Rush Mine alone yields 23,000 a day. In 1876, when the diggers had been at work only four years, gems to the value of \$3,500,000 had been extracted from it. The packets of diamonds sent by post-bag from Kimberley to Cape Town in 1870, weighed 773 pounds, and were worth \$1,414,500. Nor does there seem to be any present prospect of the supply coming to an end. On the contrary, there is every reason to believe that only a small portion of the diamondiferous region of South Africa has yet been explored.—*Fraser's Magazine*.

In one of his recent lectures in London, Dr. Erasmus Wilson exhibited the photograph of a woman 38 years old and five feet five inches high, whose tresses, when she stood erect, enveloped her entire form in a golden veil, and trailed several inches on the ground. The longest fibres measured six feet three and one half inches. Thirty inches is the mean length for females, and three feet is considered a very remarkable length. This instance is exceeded, however, by two American women—one whose hair measures seven feet six inches, and another, the wife of a druggist in Philadelphia, whose luxuriant *chevelure* is almost as long, and so thick that when seated upon a chair she can completely cover herself with it.

A Danbury man tells a good story of his aunt, who is a model housekeeper, and a scrupulous stickler for a good dinner. The clergyman called near the dinner hour and was pressed to stay to the meal. At the table there was a good supply of well-prepared food, but the lady felt compelled to make many apologies for imaginary deficiencies. In the grace the clergyman asked our Heavenly Father to "bless the frugal meal." This made the lady very mad. "This is the season of the year when the small boy goeth to the barber and winketh at him and saith, 'out off the ends of my hair.' And behold the barber cutteth off the hair and leaveth the ends.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

The seventh annual report of the State Board of Health, for the fiscal year 1879, contains evidence of an increasing interest in sanitary work, both in those to whom the guardianship of the public health has been intrusted and on the part of the people generally. Besides the secretary's report of the work of the board, etc., the report contains 90 papers and reports on a large variety of sanitary subjects, mostly written by members of the board.

Against the judgment of the board, the Legislature in 1879 reduced the flash-test for the inspection of illuminating oils from 140° to 120° F., and abolished the chill-test for paraffine. In view of this Dr. Kedzie, by request of the board, prepared a historical review of the inspection of illuminating oils in Michigan. In this is set forth the urgent necessity of the protection of life, limb, and property which led to the adoption of the Michigan law, the growth of that law under the test of experience, and the essential requisites of a safe and effective law. While Dr. Kedzie does not approve the reduction of the chill test, he thinks that the whole there has been, since 1869, real progress in the oil legislation of the State. The law of 1879 is printed as an appendix to Dr. Kedzie's address.

On this subject, in the introductory part of the report, some accounts of recent kerosene accidents in Michigan are given which show that either in the room for further progress, though much greater safety is now secured than before the system of State inspection was adopted.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

Next to its advocacy of a high test for illuminating oils, the Michigan Board of Health is coming to be known for its work on the less recognized contagious diseases, especially on those two great scourges of childhood, scarlet fever and diphtheria. The great aim seems to be to secure a recognition of the fact by all classes of people that these diseases are contagious and are to be prevented and held in check whenever they may "break out," by the same rigid isolation of the sick and thorough disinfection or destruction of whatever may have come in contact with the sick that is found successful in small-pox. The idea runs through the report of the committee on epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases, the summary of replies by correspondents relative to diseases in 1878, the circulars to health officers and other officers of local boards of health, and the article on weekly reports of diseases.

In this respect the evidence differs from the belief of those who hold that these diseases are of ordinary filth. It is stated, for instance, that the first case of diphtheria in Three Rivers for 13 or 14 years was contracted from clothing taken from a trunk to be aired, by a lady who had lost a child two months previously from diphtheria, and that of the four cases contracted therefrom three were fatal. Another similar instance is given.

OTHER CAUSES OF DISEASE.

The subject of privies and water-closets at railway stations, slaughter-houses, and rendering establishments, the ventilation of buildings already constructed, the reclaiming of drowned lands, the falling of the grand-stand at Adrian, the wrecking of the Pacific express train at Jackson, the danger from quackery in medicine, and the proper removal of night-soil or filth, have received the attention of the board.

The question of the need of further legislation in Michigan to prevent such calamities as those at Adrian and Jackson has been referred to Hon. LeRoy Parker of Flint, as committee on legislation in the interests of public health.

Dr. Hitchcock condemns all vaults under privies attached to station-houses, and the use of earth commodes, and for larger stations of the removal of the ordure from its receptacles by the means of an odorless excavating apparatus. Incidentally, also, the dry earth system is recommended in a paper by Dr. Kellogg. Dr. Hitchcock also presents strong arguments from the experience at the Brighton (Mass.) abattoir, and from other considerations for a concentration of all the slaughter-houses of a city in one common slaughter-house, which could thereby, at small expense to each occupant, be kept wholesome and unoffensive, be fitted with the most convenient apparatus for all branches of the work, and be furnished with a large cooler for the refuse products could be disposed of with profit. Of course the argument for such a combination is that on the score of health and offense to the smell; but the figures which Dr. Hitchcock gives seem to commend the subject to all our butchers on the ground of economy and convenience of management alone.

DRAINAGE.

Dr. Lyster gives statement of success in drainage near Bay City and in Macon and Wayne counties by means of dikes and ditches enclosing large tracts of land, which were pumped out either by horse or by steam power. This method seems well applicable to much of the marsh land of the State, its utility and economy. Dr. Lyster also translates from a French official report an interesting account of the great sanitary, social, moral, and agricultural improvements wrought by the drainage by means of large open ditches of a large territory known as the "Landes" of France, which, though situated almost at the gate of Bordeaux, one of the largest cities of France, and under a climate most favorable to vegetable culture, had been, excepting a few isolated huts with occasionally a pine thicket, a wild and uninhabited desert. At first only trees could be planted, mostly oak and pine; gradually other industries sprang up, and a large and vigorous population was maintained. The water-supply, which was at first most distasteful and unwholesome, was made of fair quality by means of wells having an impervious reservoir admitting water only at the bottom through a 20-inch layer of clay, gravel, and limestone fragments.

LOCAL BOARDS OF HEALTH.

This report contains a very full statement of the powers and duties of the local boards of health in Michigan, much to the organization and set at work. Two circulars are given, one of a general character, and one relating more especially to the enforcement of the

law requiring householders and physicians to notify the local board of health of cases of diseases dangerous to public health. Mr. Parker contributes a paper relating mostly to the power of a board of health to abate nuisances, and the steps first necessary to be taken; and also an opinion as to the duties and compensation of the health officer of a city, written in reply to questions from the health officer and a member of the board of health of Grand Rapids. Dr. Hitchcock, also in a general answer to a communication from a man in Dowagiac afflicted with a slaughter-house near his dwelling, shows that the law has made provision for the abatement of nuisances by local boards of health, or even the individuals offended by the nuisance, if they will but use the means within their power.

STUDY OF CLIMATE.

The reports contributed by the meteorological observers of the board are wrought into an elaborate report of the principal meteorological conditions in 1878. Temperature, moisture, wind, ozone, etc., are studied with especial reference to their relations to sickness. And this study is continued in tables, diagrams, and exhibits made from weekly reports of sickness for the same year by the regular correspondents of the board and by health officers of the cities. From these it appears that the diseases which caused most sickness in 1878 were, naming them in order, the most prevalent first, intermittent fever, bronchitis, rheumatism, consumption, remittent fever, influenza, diarrhoea and pneumonia. A remarkable close relation between bronchitis, pneumonia, influenza, and a cold temperature, dry air and a great prevalence of ozone and wind seems to be established. As of interest to observers of temperature attention may be called to a table on page 342, comparing the temperature of each month in the 14 years, 1864-77, with the average by months for the period. By this it seems that the difference between the coldest February (1875) and the warmest February (1877) in this period was 24° 32m F.; while between the coldest June (1869) and the warmest June (1872) was only 7° 37m.

GLANDERS IN MEN AND ANIMALS.

The occurrence of two fatal cases of glanders in men in Michigan in 1879 is made the occasion for a full discussion by Dr. Baker, of the nature of the disease, the means of its communication in horses and in man, and the measures necessary to its prevention. Destruction of all glandered beasts, and complete isolation of those suspected are held to be the only effective means.

Two features of the report are worthy of separate mention, the numerous illustrations by which numerical and other statements are represented to the eye at a glance, and a carefully prepared index, without which no book is complete.

Levities and Brevities.

A cheap country seat—a stump. Births, marriages and deaths are reported by an Illinois paper under the head of "Hatched, Matched, Despatched."

A New York Chinaman was asked his age for the census. He thought it was the draft, and, wishing exemption, he replied, "ninety years old, allee time."

There should be no difficulty to get along in Japan. Fans are so cheap in that blessed country that nobody can find any difficulty in raising the wind.

He had one son hanged, another son in the penitentiary, and a third wife eloped with a chromo painter. "Have you any family?" he was asked by a fellow passenger. "None to speak of," was the prompt response to the census man.

A farmer in New York State protects his hen roosts from hawks and thieves by a dozen guinea hens. The hen roosts will be safe until a hawk or a thief without hearing protects them. No hawk or thief would go within a mile of a guinea hen's voice, except upon compulsion.

The Scotchman and the mineralogist: "You man gave me his bag to carry by a short cut across the hills to his inn, while he took the other road. Eh! it was dreadfully heavy; and, when I got out of his sight I determined to see what was in it, for I wondered at the uncouth weight of the thing; and man, it's no use for you to guess what was in that bag, for you'd ne'er find out. It was stones." "And did you carry it?" "Carry it! Man, do you think I emptied them all out, but I filled the bag again from the pile near the house, and I gave him good measure for his money."

A physician finding a lady reading "Twelfth Night," said: "When Shakespeare wrote about Patience on a monument, did he mean doctor's patients?" "No," she answered, "you don't find them on monuments, but under them."

Talk about a bull in a china shop.—New York News. And we, a rat-tan-tan.—Philadelphia American. That's the sort of boys you were, eh?—Boston Post.

"My daughter, never tell any one your private affairs," said a mother